

Unit 4 Test Bank

Multiple Choice

- _____ 1. What do the Jewish People experience when they return home to Jerusalem after the Babylonian Exile?
- A festive celebration is taking place.
 - The city is completely deserted.
 - The city is populated by foreigners.
 - all of the above
- _____ 2. Who allows the Jewish people to return home?
- King of Babylon
 - Cyrus, King of Persia
 - the prophet Isaiah
 - Nehemiah
- _____ 3. What are the First and Second Books of Chronicles about?
- the history of Israel from Adam and Eve to the end of the Babylonian Exile
 - a longer version of the story of the kings of Judah
 - the Mosaic Law and the Sinai Covenant
 - none of the above
- _____ 4. For the Jewish People, what is God's dwelling place and where is it kept?
- the Ark of the Covenant, the Holy of Holies
 - the Book of the Law, the Temple
 - their hearts, constant prayer
 - their homes, ritual cleanliness
- _____ 5. Which Jewish leader focuses on religious reform?
- Cyrus
 - Nehemiah
 - Josiah
 - Ezra
- _____ 6. Which Jewish leader focuses on rebuilding the city walls?
- Ezra
 - Nehemiah
 - Josiah
 - Cyrus



- _____ 7. Which of the following is *not* a category of psalms found in the Book of Psalms?
- a. hymns of praise or thanksgiving
 - b. songs of lament or petition
 - c. retaliation hymns
 - d. historical psalms
- _____ 8. What did the Book of Tobit encourage the Jewish People to do?
- a. fight against the pagan Ninevites
 - b. be faithful during the Babylonian Exile
 - c. overthrow the Babylonian king
 - d. persevere and trust in God during the period of Greek oppression
- _____ 9. What do the Jewish People experience after the Persians take control of the land?
- a. They suffer worse than when they lived in exile.
 - b. They are not allowed to practice their faith in public.
 - c. They are allowed to practice their faith and live in relative peace.
 - d. They are able to conquer the Persians and gain independence.
- _____ 10. What is the result of the Jewish revolt?
- a. The Greeks are annihilated.
 - b. The Greeks make the Jewish People slaves.
 - c. It gives the Jews some independence and allows their faith to survive.
 - d. It has no lasting effects.
- _____ 11. In the Book of Wisdom, what is wisdom is personified as?
- a. a warrior
 - b. a woman
 - c. a child
 - d. a priest



Matching

Match the description in column A with the word in column B by writing the letter of the correct answer in the space provided.

Column A

- _____ 1. The Hebrew word for “praises” or “hymns of praise to God.”
- _____ 2. The Hebrew word for “Jewish woman.”
- _____ 3. Comes from the Hebrew word for “hammer.”
- _____ 4. Means “witness”; a person killed because of her or his beliefs.
- _____ 5. The author of Ecclesiastes.
- _____ 6. Took on the name Epiphanes, meaning “God made visible.”
- _____ 7. An interreligious and interracial people who rejected the Jerusalem Temple and worshipped instead at Mount Gerizim.
- _____ 8. Refers to the physical and spiritual descendants of Jacob (Israel).
- _____ 9. The act of renouncing one’s faith.
- _____ 10. The very nature of God.

Column B

- a. Maccabees
- b. Samaritans
- c. Jews
- d. Qoheleth
- e. Judith
- f. apostacy
- g. Tehillim
- h. martyr
- i. King Antiochus IV
- j. mystery

Essay

- A. How does the influence of the Greek world cause a division among the Jewish People, and what effect does it have on them?
- B. What makes the Wisdom and Poetry Books of the Old Testament so distinct? What was their purpose?

