

Name _____

Unit 2 Test

God Revealed to His Chosen People

Multiple Choice

Write the letter of the best or most appropriate answer in the space provided before each question.

- _____ 1. What did God promise in his covenant with Abraham?
- a. land and riches
 - b. great wealth and many descendants
 - c. land and to make a great nation of his descendants
 - d. great wealth and a nation
- _____ 2. Why are Abraham and Sarah unlikely candidates for the mission God has for them?
- a. They are old and infertile.
 - b. They lack faith.
 - c. They do not understand what God wants from them.
 - d. They do not believe in God.
- _____ 3. What are the sign(s) of God's covenant with Abraham?
- a. changed names
 - b. circumcision
 - c. a rainbow
 - d. a and b
- _____ 4. Who are the patriarchs, the "fathers of our faith"?
- a. Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
 - b. Abraham, Isaac, and Joseph
 - c. Abraham, Moses, and Jesus
 - d. Israel, John the Baptist, and Jesus
- _____ 5. What does the account of Abraham's near sacrifice of Isaac prefigure?
- a. Moses's death before entering the Promised Land
 - b. the deaths of the prophets
 - c. Jesus' Crucifixion
 - d. Joseph's enslavement



- _____ 6. What did Pharaoh order?
- a. the Egyptian army to kill all the Israelites
 - b. the Israelites to give up their homes and belongings to the Egyptians
 - c. the Israelite midwives to kill all newborn baby boys
 - d. the Israelite army to turn over their weapons
- _____ 7. What was Moses raised as?
- a. a slave in Pharaoh's household
 - b. an Israelite
 - c. an Egyptian royal
 - d. an Assyrian
- _____ 8. Where did Moses first encounter God?
- a. in the reeds on the river
 - b. in the stone tablets
 - c. on a mountain
 - d. in a burning bush
- _____ 9. Why was Moses an unlikely representative for God?
- a. He could not speak well.
 - b. He had very little faith in God.
 - c. He was not really an Israelite.
 - d. He was deaf.
- _____ 10. What did God do to convince Pharaoh to let the Israelites go?
- a. He relied on Moses's ability to reason with Pharaoh.
 - b. He sent his armies from other nations to conquer the Egyptians.
 - c. He brought a series of plagues on the Egyptians.
 - d. He revealed his mission to Pharaoh's wife in a dream.
- _____ 11. What is the Passover?
- a. the event where the angel of death passes over the homes marked by the blood of the lamb
 - b. the event that allowed the Israelites to escape slavery in Egypt
 - c. the event that prefigures Jesus' sacrifice that saved us
 - d. all the above
- _____ 12. Thinking that God had abandoned them, what did the Israelites do when Moses was on the mountain?
- a. remained faithful to the Law
 - b. built a golden calf to worship
 - c. tried to kill Moses
 - d. climbed a mountain and sang



- _____ 13. What core idea are the Laws guiding the Israelites' lives centered on?
- a. "I will make of you a great nation, and I will bless you . . ." (Genesis 12:2)
 - b. "I am the Lord your God. . . . You shall not have other gods beside me." (Exodus 20:2-3)
 - c. "Blessed those whose way is blameless, who walk by the law of the Lord." (Psalm 119:1)
 - d. "Be holy, for I, the Lord your God, am holy." (Leviticus 19:2)
- _____ 14. What does being holy mean for the Israelites?
- a. living in right relationship with God and being set apart or distinct
 - b. knowing the laws and being sinless
 - c. following Moses and keeping the Ten Commandments
 - d. praying daily and offering sacrifices
- _____ 15. What did the kosher laws govern?
- a. the care of the Ark of the Covenant
 - b. how the people worshipped God
 - c. the treatment of the poor and oppressed
 - d. the foods people could and could not eat
- _____ 16. What does the Book of Deuteronomy focus on?
- a. the split of the kingdom of Israel
 - b. Moses' review of the Law
 - c. the account of the Israelites' entry into the Promised Land
 - d. the birth of Christ
- _____ 17. What cultural image of God did the ancient Israelites apply to Yahweh?
- a. a peaceful deity
 - b. a warrior who went into battle for them
 - c. a god who could be defeated by other gods
 - d. a distant entity who did not involve himself in human affairs
- _____ 18. What did the Israelites believe happened to someone who committed a terrible sin?
- a. the person did not necessarily suffer for it
 - b. the person would suffer in eternal life (hell)
 - c. the person and their children would be punished in this lifetime
 - d. the person would need to go to confession to a priest
- _____ 19. Who were the biblical judges?
- a. presiders of justice in a courtroom
 - b. priests who offered sacrifices
 - c. those who retold their history and offered wisdom
 - d. elders, heroes, and military leaders



- _____ 20. What is Hannah's (Samuel's mother) prayer very similar to?
- a. the Canticle of Mary
 - b. the Lord's Prayer
 - c. the prayer of Simeon
 - d. the Beatitudes
- _____ 21. Who is the first king of the Israel?
- a. Samuel
 - b. Saul
 - c. David
 - d. Solomon
- _____ 22. What does the prophet Nathan condemn David for?
- a. murdering the husband of Bathsheba
 - b. being disrespectful to the Ark of the Covenant
 - c. wanting to build a Temple
 - d. sacrificing a child on the altar
- _____ 23. What is Solomon well known for?
- a. being the son of David and Michal
 - b. his wisdom
 - c. building the Temple
 - d. b and c
- _____ 24. Which of the following is not one of Solomon's downfalls?
- a. He worships other gods.
 - b. He murders all of Saul's trusted leaders.
 - c. He marries wives from other nations.
 - d. He burdens the Israelites with taxes and forced labor.
- _____ 25. What happened to the kingdom of Israel around the year 922 BC?
- a. They were defeated by the Philistines.
 - b. They conquered the land from the Mediterranean Sea to present-day Iran.
 - c. It split into two kingdoms.
 - d. It ceased to exist.



Matching

Match the description in column A with the word or phrase in column B by writing the letter of the correct answer in the space provided.

Column A

- _____ 26. The father or leader of a tribe, clan, or tradition.
- _____ 27. The gift of God by which one freely accepts God's full Revelation.
- _____ 28. God's manifestation of himself in a visible form to enrich human understanding of him.
- _____ 29. The night the Lord moved over the houses of the Israelites marked by the blood of the lamb and spared the firstborn sons from death.
- _____ 30. The covenant established with the Israelites that renewed God's covenant with Abraham's descendants.
- _____ 31. The most holy place in the Tabernacle and later the Temple in Jerusalem, where the Ark of the Covenant was kept.
- _____ 32. A sacred chest that housed the tablets of the Ten Commandments, placed within the sanctuary where God would come and dwell.
- _____ 33. The portable tent that was used as a sanctuary for the Ark of the Covenant during the Israelites' migration in the desert.
- _____ 34. A Hebrew word meaning "law," referring to the first five books of the Old Testament.
- _____ 35. A Greek word meaning "second law."

Column B

- a. theophany
- b. Ark of the Covenant
- c. Torah
- d. Passover
- e. Holy of Holies
- f. Tabernacle
- g. patriarch
- h. Sinai Covenant
- i. Deuteronomy
- j. faith



True or False

Circle "T" if the statement is true and "F" if the statement is false. If it is false, correct the statement by crossing out the underlined word or phrase and writing the correct word or phrase in the space provided.

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|-------|
| T | F | 36. The practice of destroying everyone and everything in a defeated city and then burning it as a sacrificial offering to God is called the <u>Ban</u> . | _____ |
| T | F | 37. <u>Redemption</u> comes from the Latin <i>redemptio</i> , meaning "a buying back"; it refers to God's deliverance from the forces of sin. | _____ |
| T | F | 38. <u>Philistines</u> were people who were consecrated to God through a vow to refrain from drinking alcohol, staying away from dead bodies, and keeping their hair uncut. | _____ |
| T | F | 39. <u>Deborah</u> was a Moabite widow who cared for her mother-in-law. She was also listed as the ancestor of both King David and Jesus Christ. | _____ |
| T | F | 40. After his struggle with the angel, Jacob's name was changed to <u>Israel</u> . | _____ |

Essay

Respond to one of the following questions in complete sentences.

- A. Describe the events of Passover and what they meant for the Israelites. Also explain how they prefigure the saving acts of Jesus Christ.
- B. Explain the Israelites' belief in divine retributive justice. Offer examples of it and then give the Christian viewpoint of this belief.
- C. Explain what the deuteronomistic cycle is. Use the Book of Judges as an example in your answer.

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